

Cultural Resources

• Record the type, location, distance from headquarters, and any unique features for each cultural resource on the land unit.

Туре	Location (unit, legal, pasture)	Distance from nearest road	om HQ	Unique or special features of the site
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		4		





Recreation Resources

- Record any scenic vantage points on the land unit.
- Record any potential picnic, camping, cabin or lodge sites.
- Record potential trail routes for horses, bikes, hikers, and ATVs.
- Record the locations and descriptions of unique geological features.
- Record the locations and descriptions of other potential recreation resources.

Scenic vistas/viewscapes – vantage points offering especially spectacular views.

Location	Description	Accessibility	Availability
(unit, pasture, etc.)	(special features)	(distance from HQ)	(when its accessible)
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Potential picnic, camping, cabin, lodge sites

Type	Location Location	Description	Distance	Availability
	(unit, pasture, etc.)	(special features)	from HQ	(when its accessible)
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				-



Potential trail routes – horse, bike, hiking, ATV trail locations

Type Location (units, pastures, etc.) Description (special features) of trail (when its accessible)

Unique geological sites – fossils, outcrops, formations, landscape rock

Location	Description	Accessibility	Availability
(unit, pasture, etc.)	(special features)	(distance from HQ)	(when its accessible)
9 -			1
		6	

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		,	

Other potential recreation resources

Type	Location	Description	Distance	Availability
	(unit, pasture, etc.)	(special features)	from HQ	(when its accessible)
		34		- 4
	- a = -			





Community Resources

rooms ranch Name Pl	
	Phone #

Campgrounds	# of	Type of	Distance from ranch		Owner	
	sites	hookups	from ranch	Name		Phone #
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	-					
	-					
	-					

Restaurants/		The second secon	Hours		Owner		
lounges	seats	from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #	
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Convenience/	Distance	Distance Hours		Owner		
service stations	from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #	
		-				



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	711111	#		

Distance Hours		rs	Owner		
from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #	

Distance	istance # of flights/day		Contact information		
from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #	
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Banks, accounting, computer, printing	Distance from	Hours		Contact information	
services services	ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #
				-	

Emergency/	Distance	Hours		Contact information	
medical services	from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #
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	-				



Local churches	Distance Hours		Contact information		
& denomination	from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #
		/			
	+				
			- L		
Repair/vet/UPS/	Distance	Hour	S	Contact i	nformation
laundry, other	from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #
services					
	1 2 4 1 2 2 2 2 2				

		7375			
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Schools/colleges	Distance	Hours		Contact information	
attended by family	from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #
					
Specialty stores	Distance	Hour	S	Owner	
western apparel,	from ranch	Summer	Winter	Name	Phone #
rt, gifts, etc.)					
	I.				





F. What is SWOT analysis

The final phase of assessing the farm or ranch operation will entail extracting the most pertinent information from all the completed assessments and the comprehensive resource inventories. One tool that will facilitate this is a SWOT analysis.

A SWOT analysis is a tool used by businesses for strategic planning and analysis. It offers a clear and concise format that is used to identify and summarize Strengths and Weaknesses within a business organization, and Opportunities and Threats from the external environment that could impact that business. It is like a snapshot of the existing operation, along with some indicators of future possibilities and obstacles.

Why go through the process of conducting a SWOT analysis? Going through the process can be helpful because it reveals changes that can be made and puts existing or potential problems into perspective. It allows producers to highlight the most significant internal and external factors affecting their operation, maximize the potential of the strengths and opportunities, and minimize the impact of the weaknesses and threats.

How does one conduct a SWOT analysis?

In the context of this resource guide, the data compiled by your client is used to identify the key strengths and opportunities regarding the existing operation. It is also used to ascertain the significant weaknesses and threats that the same farm or ranch business may face. You can assist your client in pulling out the most significant data from their assessments and inventory, and listing it on the summary SWOT form.

- 1. Internal analysis of strengths and weaknesses: Producers should examine their capabilities and the capabilities of their business, enterprise, or organization.
 - a. <u>Strengths</u>: Strengths are positive aspects internal to the business. What are the advantages? What is done well? The producer can make quick decisions if needed. Water is not a limiting resource in their operation.





- b. <u>Weaknesses</u>: Weaknesses are negative aspects internal to a client or his business, enterprise, or organization. What could be improved? What is done poorly or inadequately? What activities should be avoided? *Does the producer lack self-confidence and the courage to face risk? Does he have a business plan for the operation?*. Does he find it difficult to keep home and work responsibilities separate?
- 2. External analysis of opportunities and threats. Identify conditions external to the business that offer opportunities or pose threats to their performance or the performance of their business, enterprise or organization.
 - a. <u>Opportunities</u>: Opportunities are positive aspects external to a business. Opportunities can come from such things as positive characteristics of the local community, changes in technology, markets, regulations and policies related to the business, lifestyle changes, and local events. What are some favorable conditions or interesting trends facing your client's business, enterprise or organization? What special events take place in your community?
 - b. <u>Threats</u>: Threats are negative aspects external to a business, enterprise, or organization. Your client should think about obstacles that their business may face. For example, are there negative characteristics in the community or marketplace that could create obstacles? What is the competition doing? Are there changes in specifications or regulations that might affect the business? Are creditors seeking debt repayment? Is soil erosion threatening part of the enterprise?





Use a table such as the one below to enter your SWOT analysis.

SWOT Analysis	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE		
INTERNAL	Strengths	Weaknesses		
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EXTERNAL	Opportunities	Threats		

Remington SWOT analysis



Use a table such as the one below to enter your SWOT analysis.

SWOT	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	
Analysis		1	
INTERNAL	Strengths	Weaknesses	
	-good land stewards	- not enough & to support	
*	- all value open space	all family members returning	to vanch
	shi dane open space	- not familiar inte	: .
	-abundant wildlife	- not familiar with non-tro	iditional
4	- Scenic views	practices	
	- know cattle	- lack of knowledge in	
	- willing to set family	Starting new business	
	goals	-doesn't know SBDC	
	30000	person in the area	
	u u	inc area	
EXTERNAL	Opportunities	Threats	
	-increased public interest	- only also loss of leders	
		- polintial loss of federal grazing permit	
	in ranch recreation	grazing permer	
	- airport can handle multi-engine planes	-drought conditions	
	multi-engine planes		
	July President	- local community	
	- could market timber	businesses drying	
		40	
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Note: The Remingtons used their completed skills/awareness assessments and ranch resource inventory to fill out this summary SWOT analysis.

